

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA  
Norfolk Division

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

XAVIER HOWELL,

Defendant.

CRIMINAL ACTION NO.  
2:20cr11

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS  
(Motion Hearing)

Norfolk, Virginia

September 4, 2020

BEFORE: THE HONORABLE JOHN A. GIBNEY  
United States District Judge

APPEARANCES:

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY'S OFFICE

By: Andrew C. Bosse

John F. Butler

Assistant United States Attorneys

Counsel for the United States

ZOBY & BROCCOLETTI

By: James O. Broccoletti

Randall Leeman, Jr.

Counsel for the Defendant

## I N D E X

GOVERNMENT'S  
WITNESSESPAGE

ADAM BEHA

Direct Examination By Mr. Butler 4

Cross-Examination By Mr. Broccoletti 31

Redirect Examination By Mr. Butler 50

KENNETH BYRD

Direct Examination By Mr. Butler 53

Cross-Examination By Mr. Broccoletti 61

Redirect Examination By Mr. Butler 69

CLINTON ROMBS

Direct Examination By Mr. Butler 71

Cross-Examination By Mr. Broccoletti 77

## E X H I B I T S

GOVERNMENT'S  
NO.PAGE

1 NCIC/VCIN warrant 15

2 CPD policy 15

3 VCIN manual 15

4 Photos from traffic stop 15

1 (Proceedings commenced at 11:01 a.m.)

2 THE CLERK: Criminal Case Number 2:20cr11, the  
3 United States of America vs. Xavier Howell, also known as  
4 "X."

5 Mr. Butler, Mr. Bosse, is the government ready to  
6 proceed?

7 MR. BUTLER: Good morning, Your Honor. John Butler  
8 for the United States, along with Andrew Bosse. Good to see  
9 you, sir.

10 THE COURT: All right. Good to see both of you.

11 THE CLERK: Mr. Broccoletti, Mr. Leeman, is your  
12 client ready to proceed?

13 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Good morning, Your Honor.  
14 Pleasure to see you. Present and ready.

15 THE COURT: Good to see you.

16 Good morning, counsel. Good morning, Mr. Howell.

17 We're here today on a Motion to Suppress that has  
18 been filed by the defendant in this case. Does anybody want  
19 to say anything before we start hearing evidence on this?

20 MR. BUTLER: No, Your Honor, other than we'll be  
21 calling three witnesses this morning.

22 THE COURT: All right. Do you have anything you  
23 want to say before they start calling witnesses?

24 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Other than to separate the  
25 witnesses, Your Honor, I think our brief sets forth what the

~~A. Beha - Direct~~

1 issues are.

2 THE COURT: All right. Are the witnesses -- I think  
3 I just passed them out in the hall on the way in here.

4 MR. BUTLER: Yes, Your Honor.

5 THE COURT: All right. So they'll be ordered to  
6 stay out there until they testify.

7 So call your first witness.

8 MR. BUTLER: The United States calls Detective Adam  
9 Beha.

10 (The witness was affirmed.)

11 ADAM BEHA, called by the Government, having been  
12 first duly affirmed, was examined and testified as follows:

13 DIRECT EXAMINATION

14 BY MR. BUTLER:

15 Q. Good morning. Could you please state your name.

16 A. Yes, sir. It's Adam Beha, B-e-h-a.

17 Q. By whom are you employed?

18 A. By the Chesapeake Police Department, and I'm assigned to  
19 the Vice and Narcotics Unit as a detective.

20 Q. How long have you been employed by the Chesapeake Police  
21 Department?

22 A. Just over ten years.

23 Q. Other than your role in the Vice and Narcotics Unit, are  
24 there other roles you play with any other agencies?

25 A. Yes, sir. I also serve as a task force officer with the

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 Federal Bureau of Investigation, and I've done so for  
2 approximately the past four years.

3 Q. In your ten-year career, about how many narcotics cases  
4 have you investigated?

5 A. Probably more than a thousand, sir.

6 Q. And of those thousand, approximately how many federal  
7 defendants?

8 A. Approximately 100.

9 Q. I want to direct your attention now to September 26 of  
10 2019.

11 What were you and your partner investigating at that  
12 time?

13 A. My partner and I received information from a reliable  
14 confidential informant concerning an ongoing investigation.  
15 The informant had received information that a target of an  
16 investigation from out of state was allegedly trafficking a  
17 significant amount of controlled substances into the Eastern  
18 District of Virginia and specifically into Chesapeake,  
19 Virginia.

20 Q. And to be clear, that out-of-state target was not the  
21 defendant?

22 A. Correct.

23 Q. All right. Tell the Court why this confidential  
24 informant -- you called him reliable. Why is he or she  
25 reliable?

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 A. The informant has consistently been providing information  
2 for approximately the past five years, both on the state and  
3 federal level. This information was independently  
4 corroborated by various investigative measures and led to the  
5 arrests and convictions of subjects, again, both on the state  
6 and federal level.

7 Q. And this reliable confidential informant who told you an  
8 out-of-state drug trafficker was coming to Chesapeake -- to  
9 do what?

10 A. To traffic or transport a large amount of controlled  
11 substances into Chesapeake and, thereby, distribute it to  
12 other distributors.

13 Q. Specifically where was this target going to be meeting  
14 other distributors?

15 A. Later in the evening, the informant received additional  
16 information and relayed it to myself and my partner that  
17 specifically the target would be staying at the Aloft Hotel  
18 in the Greenbrier section of the city of Chesapeake.

19 Q. Other than having the information about the Aloft Hotel,  
20 did your reliable confidential informant provide you any  
21 other descriptive information?

22 A. Yes. The informant advised that the subject would be  
23 driving a dark-colored or black sports utility vehicle with  
24 out-of-state tags and would likely be accompanied by or the  
25 vehicle driven by an unknown African-American female.

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 Q. Based on your training and experience, can you talk about  
2 some of the methods that are commonly used by drug  
3 traffickers?

4 A. Yes, sir. Based on both training and experience, it's  
5 very common, especially when it's a trafficker or distributor  
6 not from the locality where these drugs are being  
7 distributed, to utilize rental cars. That's both to remain  
8 anonymous and avoid detection by law enforcement; thereby, if  
9 a law enforcement officer performs a registration check on a  
10 rental vehicle, it comes back to the registered rental agency  
11 rather than the individual.

12 The same applies for hotels, commonly. They'll be  
13 used for short stays and duration. It's not uncommon for  
14 them not to be in the subject's name, again, to avoid  
15 detection by law enforcement and other distributors.

16 Q. When you had this information from the confidential  
17 informant about a black SUV with out-of-state tags, did he  
18 also describe whether or not it was going to be a rental  
19 vehicle or personally owned vehicle? Did that come up?

20 A. Yes. It was advised that it would be a rental vehicle  
21 with out-of-state tags.

22 Q. And based on your experience as a narcotics detective in  
23 Chesapeake, what can you tell the Judge about the Aloft  
24 Hotel?

25 A. Yes, Your Honor. Myself and my unit have investigated

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 numerous drug-involved offenses, specifically in that  
2 corridor, but also at that hotel. Myself, I've been involved  
3 in the investigation and arrest of individuals/distributors  
4 at that hotel resulting in interviews about why they prefer  
5 that hotel, on multiple occasions.

6 THE COURT: Why do they prefer that hotel?

7 THE WITNESS: It's interesting. It's consistent  
8 among these folks that they prefer this hotel because it has  
9 a common area, both indoor and outdoor, with pool tables, a  
10 bar.

11 And it's been explained that a distributor prefers  
12 to do their interactions in that area, between  
13 distributor-and-distributor selling, because they hide in  
14 plain sight; whereas, they don't want the subject to go to  
15 the room because they don't want the other subject to know  
16 where there are additional narcotics or currency or things  
17 like that are located.

18 BY MR. BUTLER:

19 Q. Why would that be a concern?

20 A. Based on training and experience and, specifically in  
21 this instance, interviews, drug distributors are more  
22 cautious of being robbed by other drug dealers than they are  
23 about detection of law enforcement.

24 Q. You mentioned that you've had previous arrests,  
25 drug-related arrests, at this hotel. Have you had actual



—A. Beha - Direct—

1 drug seizures from this hotel?

2 A. Yes. Multiple occasions.

3 Q. Based on your tip from the reliable confidential  
4 informant, what did you and your partner decide to do?

5 A. We decided -- and if I may expand on what -- we received  
6 more information later in the evening that not only was the  
7 distributor going to be staying at this hotel and bringing  
8 controlled substances into the area to distribute, we did  
9 receive specific information that other distributors were  
10 going to meet at the same hotel for that distribution to  
11 occur; not just that the drugs were going to be there but  
12 that the transactions were going to take place there.

13 So my partner and I decided to respond early the  
14 next morning. My partner arrived at approximately 7:00 a.m.  
15 to simply attempt to independently corroborate the  
16 information from the informant. Doing surveillance  
17 initially, the only way we thought we could do that was  
18 attempt to find a vehicle matching the description, which we  
19 did not.

20 Q. So because in the early morning hours you did not find  
21 the vehicle matching the description, what next step did you  
22 take?

23 A. We continued surveillance for several hours. Just before  
24 10:00 a.m., my partner went into the hotel and requested a  
25 hotel registry, in attempt to see if we not only observed the

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 subject's name that we knew that was supposedly bringing  
2 these drugs from out of state but because of the specific  
3 information about other narcotics distributors locally  
4 possibly being there, to look for names that we already knew  
5 based on our experience in the area.

6 Q. And what did you find in your review of the registry?

7 A. Immediately recognized two individuals that we knew,  
8 based on interviews and previous investigations, were  
9 previously involved in drug distribution and trafficking,  
10 including -- Mr. Howell was one of those individuals.

11 Q. Okay. I want you to tell the Judge what you knew about  
12 Mr. Howell. At that point, on September 27th, that morning,  
13 what did you already know about him?

14 A. Yes, Your Honor. I first became familiar with Mr. Howell  
15 as part of an Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Force  
16 investigation led by the FBI approximately five years ago,  
17 and I first became aware of his name and, shortly thereafter,  
18 of his involvement while the investigative team was  
19 completing controlled buys, which eventually led to a federal  
20 indictment and guilty plea of distribution of cocaine from a  
21 business. We were doing controlled buys out of a business in  
22 Portsmouth, Virginia.

23 Q. What association did that business have to this  
24 defendant?

25 A. When we began more thoroughly looking into the business

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 and its involvement, we located that Mr. Howell was listed as  
2 the director of the business.

3 Q. Where a controlled purchase took place?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. Other than this controlled purchase happening in a  
6 business that the defendant was associated with, did you have  
7 any other information about the defendant?

8 A. Yes. As the investigation progressed, I completed a  
9 criminal history inquiry on Mr. Howell. I learned that  
10 Mr. Howell had previously been arrested for an offense  
11 related to trafficking controlled substances into Virginia.

12 THE COURT: So you did a VCIN check on him?

13 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. Approximately five years  
14 ago.

15 THE COURT: Five years ago you did this check?

16 THE WITNESS: Originally. Originally.

17 THE COURT: All right. You kind of lost me there.

18 MR. BUTLER: I'll clear it up, Your Honor.

19 BY MR. BUTLER:

20 Q. So we're not talking about September 27th. We're just  
21 for the --

22 THE COURT: This is when you found this business?

23 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. A separate investigation,  
24 Your Honor.

25 BY MR. BUTLER:

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 Q. And other than running his criminal history back then,  
2 was there other information that you had other than this  
3 controlled purchase?

4 A. Yes. As that original investigation progressed resulting  
5 in the federal plea, multiple interviews were done with  
6 informants that had knowledge on that investigation.

7 Q. Were these informants different than the one that's  
8 talking to you on September 26th?

9 A. Yes. No relation. It was the previous investigation.

10 Q. Just so I'm clear, there's multiple confidential  
11 informants prior to September of 2019 that are talking about  
12 the defendant's involvement in drug trafficking?

13 A. Yes. One specifically was aware of the controlled  
14 substances being distributed from the business, and one was  
15 aware of Mr. Howell's involvement and actually observed him  
16 with controlled substances.

17 Q. So now let's fast-forward to the morning of  
18 September 27th. Did you also run the defendant's criminal  
19 history that morning?

20 A. I did, after observing his name on the hotel registry.

21 THE COURT: Let me get something straight here.

22 This business with the multiple defendants or the  
23 multiple informants talking to you, was that back five years  
24 ago when you were looking at the business, or did that happen  
25 over time?

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. Originally I learned his  
2 name five years ago, and within the following years leading  
3 up to the conclusion of that investigation, those informants  
4 were interviewed as a part of that. It wasn't exactly five  
5 years ago when I interviewed the informants. It's after  
6 that.

7 THE COURT: Well, was this something that was an  
8 ongoing thing that you had?

9 THE WITNESS: It was, sir, but the interview of  
10 those informants would have been approximately a year to two  
11 years, so after we originally -- becoming aware of it.

12 THE COURT: About four years ago?

13 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

14 BY MR. BUTLER:

15 Q. And tell the Judge, in this line of questioning here,  
16 were you, in fact, investigating the defendant? Is he  
17 somebody you were following?

18 A. I was not only investigating the defendant, but as a  
19 result of the original investigation, the defendant's  
20 photograph has been in front of my and my partner's desk as  
21 part of a big board and ongoing criminal conspiracy  
22 investigation, again not with just the defendant, but many  
23 people who were on the business listed with him that were  
24 still local and their actions were continuing.

25 Q. And were you tracking his social media?

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 A. Yes, consistently, since I originally became aware of his  
2 actions.

3 Q. This is all before September 26th?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. All before this confidential informant gave you this tip?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. Now we're back to the morning of September 27th. You see  
8 the name on the registry. What does that cause you to do  
9 next?

10 A. Well, I felt like part of the statement from the  
11 informant had been corroborated, the part that stated that  
12 it's possible that other distributors may be present at the  
13 hotel. So at that point, I completed an additional VCIN or  
14 NCIC inquiry on Mr. Howell, not just Mr. Howell, but the  
15 other subject and several other subjects on the registry, in  
16 an attempt to confirm if possibly they were involved as well.

17 Q. When you did that -- and you mentioned earlier about a  
18 drug trafficking arrest. Any arrests outside the  
19 Commonwealth of Virginia?

20 A. Yes. If I recall correctly, I believe there was in  
21 New Jersey and Colorado and Georgia, I believe.

22 Q. But let's get to the crux of what this case is about.

23 MR. BUTLER: I'd like the court security officer's  
24 assistance to hand the witness -- I'm just going to go  
25 ahead -- defense counsel has all four of these. I'm going to

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 give you Government's Exhibit 1 through 4, and I want to  
2 focus first on Government's Exhibit 1, and I'm going to put  
3 this on -- absent objection from the defense, I'm going to  
4 offer it at this time.

5 MR. BROCCOLETTI: No objection.

6 THE COURT: Exhibits 1 through 4? Are you offering  
7 all four of them?

8 MR. BUTLER: Yes.

9 THE COURT: You have no objection to any of them?

10 MR. BROCCOLETTI: No, Your Honor.

11 THE COURT: All right.

12 (Government Exhibits 1 through 4 were received in  
13 evidence.)

14 BY MR. BUTLER:

15 Q. Government Exhibit 1, what are we looking at here?

16 A. This is a caution warrant -- possible outstanding warrant  
17 notification, and this was located at the end of the criminal  
18 history inquiry, or the NCIC/VCIN inquiry that I completed.

19 THE COURT: Do you happen to have a copy of this?  
20 This is virtually impossible for me to read. Do you have a  
21 paper copy of it?

22 MR. BUTLER: Yes, Your Honor.

23 THE COURT: Never mind. You hold on to it because  
24 you're going to need it, but in future cases, this is a lousy  
25 monitor.

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 THE CLERK: It's not very clear, Mr. Butler.

2 THE COURT: Did you bring two copies?

3 MR. BUTLER: I have another one here.

4 THE COURT: I can struggle along with this.

5 MR. BUTLER: I'll just ask some questions here.

6 BY MR. BUTLER:

7 Q. What was the time that you ran --

8 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Judge, you can have my copy. I  
9 have more than enough paper. You can have mine if you want.

10 THE COURT: Was this attached to your brief?

11 MR. BUTLER: It is, yes, Your Honor.

12 THE COURT: Then I've seen it. Let me just get the  
13 copy that's attached to the brief.

14 MR. BUTLER: And it should be in the same order,  
15 too. It should be --

16 THE COURT: Okay. So this is -- I've got it. All  
17 right. Exhibit 1 is -- I'm sorry. Detective Beha, you were  
18 saying what this exhibit is.

19 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. It is a caution or a  
20 possible wanted subject notification. And, Your Honor, this  
21 was listed at the bottom of the NCIC or VCIN criminal history  
22 inquiry.

23 BY MR. BUTLER:

24 Q. And, Detective Beha, I want to direct your attention to  
25 the bottom --



~~A. Beha - Direct~~

1 THE COURT: So this is a printout of a computer  
2 page?

3 THE WITNESS: I actually took a photograph of it at  
4 the time I saw it.

5 THE COURT: Okay.

6 THE WITNESS: So that my partners would know what I  
7 saw.

8 BY MR. BUTLER:

9 Q. What time did you run this?

10 A. It actually says it at the bottom, sir. It says 0959, or  
11 9:59 a.m.

12 Q. And it says here "Wanted - confirm that want" --

13 Is that "warrant"?

14 A. Yes, sir.

15 Q. -- "is still outstanding." And then it has a note here  
16 to notify the Sheriff's Office of Crawfordville, Georgia.

17 Did you do that?

18 A. No, sir. I'm not permitted to do so according to  
19 Chesapeake Police policy.

20 Q. Why is that? Explain that in more detail to the Judge.

21 A. Well, it's for two reasons. Initially, policy states  
22 that an officer or a detective must have contact or have a  
23 subject detained before that inquiry can be completed.

24 THE COURT: Your policy says that?

25 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 THE COURT: Who wrote that?

2 THE WITNESS: I don't know, Your Honor.

3 THE COURT: Is that in the law somewhere, to your  
4 knowledge?

5 THE WITNESS: Not to my knowledge, Your Honor.

6 MR. BUTLER: Your Honor, that's the next exhibit  
7 we're going to go over, the policy and procedure, but before  
8 I get into that question, just to wrap this up:

9 BY MR. BUTLER:

10 Q. Is there a difference between the information that you  
11 see at your office on this computer and the information that  
12 a patrol officer sees in their patrol car?

13 A. There is. The main reason for that is a patrol officer  
14 has an issued computer or a laptop, and it has a system on it  
15 that's called Mobile. And it is slightly different.

16 It will -- for example, on what we're reading here,  
17 Your Honor, it doesn't state anything about extradition or  
18 anything like that. Theirs actually will. Whereas, the  
19 opposite is true that what they're seeing will not be as  
20 descriptive as what you're seeing in front of you about  
21 Crawfordville, Georgia, or something like that.

22 THE COURT: The officer in the car gets some  
23 information about extradition?

24 THE WITNESS: It will, possibly. Usually, it will,  
25 yes, Your Honor.

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 THE COURT: Well, did it in this case?

2 THE WITNESS: I didn't note it at the time, but,  
3 yes, it did.

4 BY MR. BUTLER:

5 Q. Let me show you -- the Judge had asked you about this  
6 policy. This is Government's Exhibit 2, and this is  
7 Document 75-2 that was filed with our motion.

8 What are we looking at here, Detective Beha?

9 A. This is the policy that guides officers' interactions  
10 with possible wanted subjects.

11 Q. And, specifically, I want to turn to Page 2. At the  
12 bottom here is a Section I:

13 "The following procedures shall be followed upon an  
14 officer receiving a 'hit' on their laptop, which indicates a  
15 warrant exists for a person within their custody or with whom  
16 they are in contact with."

17 Is this discretionary, or is this something  
18 mandatory that you have to file as a Chesapeake detective?

19 A. It's mandatory, sir, guided by the word "shall."

20 Q. What is "hit"?

21 A. It's an alert, like we were observing, that I took a  
22 photograph of.

23 Q. And is this a policy that you were familiar with on  
24 September 27th of 2019?

25 A. Yes. Officers are instructed this in the academy, and it

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 is -- they're displayed this by field training officers and  
2 guided to follow this policy throughout their career when  
3 interacting with a possible wanted subject.

4 Q. And tell the Judge, when you contact a dispatcher to  
5 confirm the status of a warrant, what is the first thing the  
6 dispatcher is going to ask you?

7 A. Is the subject detained or in custody?

8 Q. Why?

9 A. My understanding is they do not want to risk wasting  
10 resources, either by the agency that's asking or by the  
11 agency that entered it as being contacted, if there's no way  
12 that, if it's active, a person will be arrested.

13 Q. I want to show you Page 3, paragraph 3.

14 "If the warrant is from another jurisdiction, ECC  
15 personnel shall send a VCIN Hit Confirmation to the  
16 appropriate jurisdiction and make telephone contact when  
17 necessary."

18 Is this something that you're allowed to do?

19 A. No. And that's actually the second part to my answer to  
20 your original question of why didn't I call Georgia. It's  
21 because our policy requires that the emergency communication  
22 personnel do it. These days --

23 THE COURT: Is that what ECC is?

24 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir, Emergency Communication  
25 Center.

~~A. Beha - Direct~~

1           And these days, with technology advances, it's all  
2     done via computer alert to each other, contact with different  
3     agencies across the country.

4     BY MR. BUTLER:

5     Q.   Now I want to show you Government's Exhibit 3.

6           THE COURT:   Well, wait a second.

7           As part of your training, what does the ECC  
8     personnel ask the issuing jurisdiction?   What happens in that  
9     context?

10          THE WITNESS:   I'm not exactly privy to that very  
11     often.   I know it involves different codes and acronyms and  
12     that the agency that entered it has a certain amount of time  
13     to respond because they know that a person is detained, but  
14     it is a way to confirm or deny, in this case if it's an  
15     out-of-state warrant, as to if that agency elects for the  
16     person to be arrested and extradited.

17     BY MR. BUTLER:

18     Q.   Explain, though, in a case where potentially somebody is  
19     non-extraditable, why are you still required to contact the  
20     originating state?

21     A.   Not only is it policy, it's common practice, and the  
22     reason is that -- and it actually states it in part of VCIN  
23     policy, and NCIC, that the status can actually change.   I  
24     personally have encountered that in two different ways:

25           I've encountered it where a warrant will say

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 non-extraditable, and you go through the procedure and ECC  
2 contacts the involved jurisdiction and the status has changed  
3 that they now wish to extradite.

4 And I've actually seen it the opposite way where it  
5 says, clearly, extraditable, and one of two things has  
6 happened; the agency has made a mistake and forgot to remove  
7 the warrant, that the subject's already been served, they're  
8 not even wanted anymore, or that they now wish to extradite.  
9 They possibly got additional charges or --

10 Q. You've seen it both ways?

11 A. Both ways.

12 Q. Let's look at -- this is Government's Exhibit 3, and I  
13 want to first ask you what we're looking at here. This is  
14 just a portion.

15 What is this?

16 A. This is after the rental vehicle Mr. Howell was operating  
17 was stopped by Officer Byrd. We're seeing the open rear  
18 passenger --

19 Q. No, no. We're not there yet.

20 A. Oh, I'm sorry. I went to 4.

21 Sorry, Your Honor.

22 Q. This is Exhibit 3. It's a one-page document, and it may  
23 be on your monitor as well. Do you see something on your  
24 monitor?

25 A. Yes, sir.

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 Q. Okay. This is II-4. What is this taken from?

2 A. This is taken from the NCIC and VCIN policy manual.

3 Q. How lengthy is this policy?

4 A. It's over 1,000 pages.

5 Q. I want you to look at this last paragraph here, this  
6 first sentence.

7 "Correct NCIC/VCIN procedure requires the agency  
8 which placed the record in the file be contacted by the  
9 inquiring agency to confirm that the data is accurate and  
10 up-to-date."

11 Is that what you were just explaining to the Judge?

12 A. Yes, Your Honor.

13 Q. Is that policy, this VCIN -- NCIC/VCIN policy, is this  
14 consistent with the Chesapeake policy that we just looked at  
15 in Government's Exhibit 2?

16 A. Yes, sir.

17 THE COURT: Let me ask you a question, Mr. Butler.  
18 Has this been adopted by the Commonwealth of Virginia?

19 MR. BUTLER: That was my next question, is how --

20 THE COURT: This is a legal question. Has it been  
21 adopted as a regulation by the Commonwealth of Virginia?

22 MR. BUTLER: It would be difficult for me to answer  
23 that because this is such a -- I mean this is a 1,000-page  
24 Policy & Procedures. I don't know for every --

25 THE COURT: Look at the Register of Regulations for

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 the Commonwealth, and it would tell you that.

2 MR. BUTLER: We can look into that, Your Honor.

3 THE COURT: But we're here for the hearing today.  
4 If you don't know, that's okay.

5 MR. BUTLER: Standing here today, Your Honor, I  
6 don't know the answer to that, but I do want to ask, and this  
7 could clear it up:

8 BY MR. BUTLER:

9 Q. How does this VCIN/NCIC policy inform Chesapeake's  
10 policy?

11 A. My understanding is Chesapeake's policy interprets VCIN  
12 and NCIC policy, and the way it is deployed is how they want  
13 their officers and detectives to follow the thousand pages  
14 down to one page of what they expect of their officers, how  
15 they expect them to move forward on a possible wanted  
16 subject.

17 Q. All right. So now, shifting gears back to the morning of  
18 September 27th, what happened just prior to noon at the Aloft  
19 Hotel?

20 A. Myself and the investigative team were on surveillance in  
21 the parking lot area. I observed a black Cadillac SUV  
22 bearing Georgia license plates pull up to what I would  
23 describe as the front, just short of the awning of the front  
24 entrance.

25 I observed an African-American male, which I



—A. Beha - Direct—

1 immediately recognized to be Mr. Howell because I was very  
2 familiar with him, exit the driver's seat, and he proceeded  
3 inside the main entrance to the hotel. He was inside for  
4 approximately ten minutes, maybe a little less.

5 While inside, I observed an African-American female  
6 exit the front passenger's seat and just kind of seemed to be  
7 standing near the passenger's side of the car. Mr. Howell  
8 exited, placed a dark-colored Puma -- what I would describe  
9 as a duffel bag in the rear driver's seat, and they proceeded  
10 to enter the vehicle -- Mr. Howell again was driving -- and  
11 depart the parking lot.

12 Q. So what did you and your law enforcement team do as soon  
13 as you saw him pull away?

14 A. We followed him.

15 Q. What did you observe as he's driving away?

16 A. I observed that he was driving in an extremely cautious  
17 manner, and what I mean by that is, obviously, we want  
18 everyone to follow the traffic laws, but Mr. Howell was  
19 consistently driving five to ten miles below the speed limit.  
20 He was consistently using his turn signal, again which is a  
21 good thing, but it seemed overly cautious.

22 At one point, when Mr. Howell was making a right  
23 onto Volvo Parkway, he had his right-turn signal on,  
24 activated for at least a hundred feet approaching that  
25 intersection. It appeared that he was attempting to be

—A. Beha - Direct—

1     overly cautious not to be recognized by anyone.

2     Q.   And to be clear here, you didn't see him breaking any  
3     laws while driving, correct?

4     A.   No.

5     Q.   But you ultimately made the call to have the vehicle  
6     pulled over, right?

7     A.   I did.

8     Q.   And explain to the Judge your rationale.  What was going  
9     through your mind that morning on making that call to pull  
10    that vehicle over?

11    A.   Sure.  Again, on its own, this cautious driving, as I'm  
12    describing it, really, it doesn't mean a lot to me, but the  
13    totality of the circumstances are what, in my head, made me  
14    reason to believe that a crime was being committed or was  
15    going to be.

16                 And I base that on:  my original knowledge of  
17    Mr. Howell five years ago, when I knew he was involved with  
18    the ownership or running of a business that was being  
19    utilized to sell controlled substances; that that  
20    investigation resulted in a federal plea concerning the  
21    distribution of controlled substances; two informants during  
22    that time period identifying Mr. Howell and the business as  
23    being involved in that distribution; my knowledge that he had  
24    a previous trafficking narcotics in the state of Virginia --

25                 THE COURT:  He had what?

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 THE WITNESS: He had a previous arrest for his  
2 involvement in trafficking.

3 THE COURT: Did that result in a conviction?

4 THE WITNESS: I believe -- there were multiple  
5 charges. I believe there was a conviction for a drug  
6 offense, but I don't believe it was for that charge. I  
7 believe it was a plea agreement of some sort, Your Honor.

8 THE COURT: Okay.

9 THE WITNESS: (Continuing) -- that on this date, an  
10 informant that I know to be reliable had specific information  
11 about this hotel and not only about an individual the  
12 investigative team was focused on, but about information  
13 about multiple local distributors meeting there to exchange  
14 product;

15 That Mr. Howell was operating a -- I knew he didn't  
16 live here. I had been monitoring him for several years.  
17 Social media -- I knew he moved out of state; that he was at  
18 this hotel, where reportedly drug transactions were  
19 occurring, for one night, again in a rental vehicle, a black  
20 rental vehicle with out-of-state tags, which was mentioned by  
21 the CI, though it was related to another individual;

22 He was accompanied by an unknown African-American  
23 female, which was specifically mentioned by the CI; that he  
24 only stayed in the area for one night, or he was on the  
25 registration for one night; that he walked in a hotel for

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 less than ten minutes and exited with a bookbag.

2 All of that, in addition to the cautious driving, is  
3 why I thought it was reasonable that something else was  
4 occurring here, as well as, obviously, the suspected  
5 outstanding arrest warrant.

6 THE COURT: As well as what?

7 THE WITNESS: The suspected outstanding arrest  
8 warrant.

9 THE COURT: All right.

10 BY MR. BUTLER:

11 Q. And you call it suspected because you weren't able to  
12 verify it prior to the stop, per your policies?

13 A. I would call it an arrest warrant, but at this point --  
14 with the argument against extradition. That's why I used the  
15 word "suspected."

16 THE COURT: Say that again.

17 THE WITNESS: Because I'm aware of all of the  
18 argument against the word "extradition" and things like that.  
19 At the time, it was an arrest warrant, per my policy which  
20 guides me.

21 THE COURT: Let me see if I've got this straight,  
22 because it seems like we're getting down to the nub of this.

23 You thought there was a warrant based on what you  
24 had looked up in VCIN either earlier that morning or the  
25 night before; is that right?

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 THE WITNESS: Approximately two hours before the  
2 stop.

3 THE COURT: So you looked, and it said there was a  
4 warrant in Georgia somewhere for him?

5 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

6 THE COURT: Okay. And that's what motivated you to  
7 stop him, along with all these other suspicions that you had?

8 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir, the totality of them.

9 THE COURT: You told a traffic officer to stop him?

10 THE WITNESS: Yes. Requested, yes, sir.

11 THE COURT: All right.

12 BY MR. BUTLER:

13 Q. And just to follow up on that -- and I'm showing you  
14 Government's Exhibit 1 again -- the warrant that you saw that  
15 morning, was there anything in this language that led you to  
16 doubt that there was an active arrest warrant?

17 A. No, sir.

18 Q. So were you part of the traffic stop? Were you there at  
19 the scene?

20 A. Not initially. I was nearby observing. But until  
21 Detective Rombs advised me that suspected controlled  
22 substances had been located, that's when I responded up to  
23 the vehicle.

24 Q. And what was your role once you responded?

25 A. I took photographs, and I collected any evidence that we

—A. Beha - Direct—

1 deemed significant.

2 Q. Take a look at Government's Exhibit 4. It's a three-page  
3 document. This is -- it's filed Document 75-4. And tell the  
4 Judge, who took these photographs?

5 A. I did.

6 Q. And what is depicted on this first page?

7 A. This is the open rear driver's side door of the SUV  
8 Mr. Howell was operating.

9 Q. And what about -- what is the significance of the Puma  
10 bag, the duffel bag that's back there?

11 A. That's the Puma bag I observed Mr. Howell exit the hotel  
12 with and place in that location.

13 Q. What is the significance of the U.S. Postal box?

14 A. I actually placed that there for the photograph. That's  
15 where it was originally located by Detective Rombs, but I  
16 wanted everyone here involved to know where it was originally  
17 located. The items which you'll see in the next two photos  
18 were actually located in that box, which are four  
19 vacuum-sealed bags.

20 Q. So to be clear, this postal box was closed at the time  
21 you originally saw it?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. And then you eventually opened it, and looking at Page 2,  
24 what are we seeing here?

25 A. You're seeing the contents of that box.

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 Q. So these soft U.S. Postal envelopes were within the box?

2 A. Yes, sir.

3 Q. And then Page 3, what are we looking at right here?

4 A. Those are four individually packaged vacuum-sealed bags,  
5 each containing suspected methamphetamine.

6 Q. Approximately what was the quantity of methamphetamine  
7 recovered?

8 A. Just under 2 kilograms.

9 MR. BUTLER: Your Honor, those are all the questions  
10 I have on direct.

11 THE COURT: All right. Cross-examination,  
12 Mr. Broccoletti?

13 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Yes, sir.

14 CROSS-EXAMINATION

15 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

16 Q. Good morning. How are you?

17 A. Good morning, sir.

18 Q. Let's go back to the beginning, if we could, please.

19 You talked initially about the information that you  
20 had received about Mr. Howell which led you to have some  
21 suspicions, if you will.

22 First of all, just to be clear about the times, with  
23 respect to the building that was subject to a controlled  
24 purchase that was located in Portsmouth which led to a  
25 federal indictment, do you remember talking about that?

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 A. Yes, sir.

2 Q. That was November of 2014, was it not?

3 A. Sounds accurate, yes, sir.

4 Q. That's approximately five years prior to the time the  
5 stop of this vehicle occurred?

6 A. Yes, sir.

7 Q. And during that time, Mr. Howell -- no controlled buys  
8 were made from him?

9 A. No.

10 Q. And no arrest warrants were issued for him?

11 A. Not from Virginia.

12 Q. Right, for Mr. Howell.

13 A. Yes, sir.

14 Q. And at that point, you had spoken, I believe, to other --  
15 I believe you called them cooperating witnesses or  
16 confidential informants, correct?

17 A. Yes, sir.

18 Q. And again, we're talking about approximately five years  
19 prior to the time of the date of the stop?

20 A. They would have -- those interviews would have been  
21 following the controlled purchases within the next year or  
22 two.

23 Q. And then I think you said within the next year or two,  
24 you continued to investigate certain drug trafficking  
25 organizations, and in speaking with those individuals, your



—A. Beha - Cross—

1 notes indicate the investigative team continued to hear  
2 Mr. Howell's name being involved in trafficking of controlled  
3 substances. Is that an accurate word, "hear"?

4 A. Yes. Listened during interviews.

5 Q. No controlled buys were made from him?

6 A. No, sir.

7 Q. No arrests were made of him?

8 A. No, sir.

9 Q. So then we fast-forward to 2019. You said that you had  
10 continued to become aware of Mr. Howell and his activities  
11 and things of that nature through Facebook, social media, and  
12 things of that nature?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. Any arrests concerning Mr. Howell with narcotics  
15 offenses?

16 A. No.

17 Q. The arrests that you had spoken to the Court about  
18 earlier actually emanated from Virginia Beach. Do you  
19 remember that?

20 A. Yes.

21 Q. And I believe the date of that was sometime in 2008?

22 A. I believe you're correct.

23 Q. And he was not convicted of any transportation or  
24 trafficking offenses; he was convicted of a possession with  
25 intent to distribute?

A. Beha - Cross

1 A. Yes.

2 Q. So those are the facts that you knew prior to September  
3 of '19, right?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. All right. In September of '19, you've described to the  
6 Court a confidential informant that you had who was rather  
7 specific in the information that that person was able to give  
8 to you, right?

9 A. Correct.

10 Q. The information that the confidential informant provided  
11 to you, which you considered to be reliable, named a specific  
12 person, right?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. That specific person was going to be at that specific  
15 hotel, right?

16 A. That is correct.

17 Q. And that specific person was going to be driving a black  
18 rental vehicle, correct?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. And that specific person was going to be in the  
21 accompaniment of an African-American women, right?

22 A. They weren't as sure about that one, but yes.

23 Q. I think an unknown woman?

24 A. Suspected, yes.

25 Q. You knew that to be associated with that person that you

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 had that name for, right?

2 A. That is correct.

3 Q. So then you -- that particular night of the 26th, do you  
4 go to the hotel?

5 A. No. Early the following morning.

6 Q. At, like, 7:00 or so in the morning?

7 A. Yes, sir.

8 Q. At that point do you see any traffic or activity within  
9 this pool table, bar room, whatever the circumstances may  
10 have been, common area?

11 A. No, sir. I'm not sure it was open at that point.

12 Q. You don't see Mr. Howell at that point?

13 A. No.

14 Q. You don't see the individual specifically that you're  
15 looking for?

16 A. No. And nor did we see any vehicles matching the  
17 description.

18 Q. You talked about an out-of-state rental. Did the  
19 informant give you a specific state for which it was coming  
20 from?

21 A. Not specific, but it was suspected that it was from a  
22 northern state.

23 Q. And Georgia is obviously in the South?

24 A. Yes, sir.

25 Q. With respect to your review of the registry, at that

A. Beha - Cross

1 point, your partner, I think it is, gets ahold of the  
2 registry --

3 A. Yes.

4 Q. -- can't find the individual on it, but finds two people  
5 that you do know, one of whom is Mr. Howell, correct?

6 A. Correct.

7 Q. You know Mr. Howell has family in the area?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. You know Mr. Howell is originally from the Tidewater  
10 area?

11 A. I believe he's originally from New Jersey.

12 Q. My fault. I apologize.

13 But he has connections to Tidewater?

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. And has lived here for a -- did live here for a number of  
16 years?

17 A. Yes, sir.

18 Q. During your review of Mr. Howell's social media, had you  
19 seen that he had been visiting the Tidewater area -- I don't  
20 know if I want to say frequently, but had been here on a  
21 number of occasions before '19?

22 A. Infrequently, I would say. I had seen that -- it  
23 appeared he had been back local several times. Most of the  
24 things I observed was him traveling throughout the  
25 United States.

~~A. Beha - Cross~~

1 Q. You learned that he was involved in music --

2 A. Yes.

3 Q. -- and was a promoter --

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. -- and had some people, that I don't know of and that I  
6 don't listen to, that he was working with, right?

7 A. Yes, sir.

8 Q. So when you see his name on the registry, you make some  
9 determinations that you're going to inquire further about him  
10 while he's here, et cetera?

11 A. Not just him.

12 Q. But the other individual too?

13 A. And other individuals, as well, on the registry.

14 Q. So the first thing you do is to run a VCIN?

15 A. Yes.

16 Q. Why do you run a VCIN first?

17 A. Because I don't have -- I can't say it's the first thing.  
18 I'm sure I used other databases as well. I'm not sure which  
19 order, as in we have a LInX database and things  
20 that confirm --

21 THE COURT: So why did you run the VCIN? Just  
22 answer the question, please.

23 THE WITNESS: I wanted to see if Mr. Howell, since I  
24 had last looked that closely at him, had received any  
25 previous charges, had any arrest warrants, anything like

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 that, I guess would be the appropriate answer.

2 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

3 Q. When would the last time you would have looked at him  
4 been?

5 A. Within the past year.

6 Q. Did you check VCIN within the past year?

7 A. I'm sure I did, yes.

8 Q. Did you notice the outstanding warrant from Georgia  
9 within the past year?

10 A. No, I did not.

11 Q. The warrant is dated, I believe, according to the record,  
12 it looks like May 21st of 2018. Does that sound accurate?

13 A. I believe that is accurate.

14 Q. And so what -- would you recall having looked at VCIN  
15 since May 21st of 2018 with respect to Mr. Howell?

16 A. I can't say for sure. Either -- I obviously would have  
17 had to look at it prior to the issuance of the warrant, or at  
18 the time I didn't notice it because I didn't have direct  
19 contact with him or...

20 Q. Did any of the other databases that you looked at contain  
21 this information coming out of Crawfordville, Georgia?

22 A. No.

23 Q. Did that cause you any concern --

24 A. No.

25 Q. -- that the warrant that was listed on the VCIN wasn't

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 confirmed through any of the other databases that you looked  
2 at?

3 A. I did not have any concern over that.

4 THE COURT: Well, did the other databases that you  
5 checked have warrants and things in them?

6 THE WITNESS: Every once in a while, the LInX  
7 database will show there's a possible, but the problem with  
8 that is --

9 THE COURT: I don't know what that is. Let's  
10 pretend like I'm not a police officer.

11 THE WITNESS: It's one that will have a photograph  
12 and different offenses and give a description a little more  
13 than what that says. The problem with it is it's not  
14 mandated that agencies take part. So they may not have  
15 entered something, which I'm guessing that this jurisdiction  
16 in Georgia didn't because it didn't say anything about this.

17 THE COURT: Do the other databases have warrants in  
18 them?

19 THE WITNESS: They do not. The other one -- it's  
20 called TLO, Your Honor. It's more to confirm residency.

21 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

22 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

23 Q. The government asked you about -- I believe it's  
24 Exhibit 2, the Mobile Data System. Do you have that?

25 A. Yes, sir.

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 Q. And I believe you said that this was the policy that you  
2 were operating under at the time?

3 A. Yes, sir.

4 Q. And that this was the policy that, in your opinion, would  
5 have prevented you from contacting Crawfordville, Georgia?

6 A. Correct.

7 Q. In the government's brief on Page 3, the government says  
8 that you did not have access to the Mobile Data System, that  
9 only the officer in the car had access. Is that accurate?

10 A. It is accurate.

11 Q. So, then, how does this policy apply to you if you don't  
12 even have the laptop and it applies just to the officer in  
13 the car?

14 A. I believe it actually says --

15 Q. Because you don't have access to the system.

16 A. I believe it actually says on the letter I, or India,  
17 sir.

18 Q. I'm sorry?

19 A. I believe it actually states something about what you're  
20 asking on.

21 Q. Where are you?

22 A. On the letter I, or India, Page 2.

23 THE COURT: Hold on. "I." Okay. Go ahead.

24 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

25 Q. What language are you referring to?



—A. Beha - Cross—

1 A. "The only exceptions to this are when an officer/  
2 detective is not currently assigned a laptop, having laptop  
3 malfunctions, or is not in close proximity to his or her  
4 laptop."

5 THE COURT: Where are you reading? This is the  
6 first paragraph of I?

7 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

8 THE COURT: It says "License and warrant checks  
9 shall be conducted via MDS."

10 MDS is what?

11 THE WITNESS: That is what I described --

12 THE COURT: Mobile Data System?

13 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

14 THE COURT: And that's a Chesapeake thing?

15 THE WITNESS: That is the access that officers have  
16 access on the laptop.

17 THE COURT: All right.

18 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

19 Q. So did you have a laptop?

20 A. No, sir.

21 Q. You were in your office?

22 A. No.

23 Q. Where were you?

24 A. I was in my -- I'm sorry. I thought you were asking do I  
25 have a laptop in my office.

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 I do not. I was in my office at the Chesapeake  
2 Narcotics office at my desk, but unfortunately, detectives  
3 only have access to what is called LERMS, which only provides  
4 this criminal history that you're viewing, Your Honor.

5 What officers see on the street in the Mobile system  
6 and what detectives see are different. The officer can't see  
7 what detectives see, and the opposite is true as well.

8 Q. So at some point in time prior to the stop of Mr. Howell  
9 by the uniformed officer, you had been in contact with the  
10 uniformed officer?

11 A. Via radio, off and on, yes.

12 Q. Via radio. And do you remember the first time that you  
13 would have contacted the uniformed officer?

14 A. Shortly after -- somewhere after 10:00.

15 Q. And is the purpose to begin to set up --

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. -- to stage it, to get everybody in place, so to speak?

18 A. Yeah. I mean, we hadn't -- we didn't even have a way to  
19 verify if Mr. Howell was still there, but just in case he or  
20 any other of the subjects that possibly could be involved,  
21 yes.

22 Q. How many times would you say that you communicated -- I'm  
23 sorry. The officer's name was?

24 A. Byrd, B-y-r-d.

25 Q. Byrd. I apologize. Thank you.

—A. Beha - Cross—

1           How many times would you say that you had  
2       communicated with Officer Byrd between that first time and  
3       the time that the actual stop occurred?

4       A.   Five, probably.

5       Q.   And you knew that Officer Byrd obviously was a uniformed  
6       officer?

7       A.   Yes.

8       Q.   You knew he had a laptop?

9       A.   Correct.

10      Q.   You knew he had the Mobile Data System?

11      A.   Yes.

12      Q.   Did you ask him to use the Mobile Data System to confirm  
13      anything about this warrant?

14      A.   No.

15               THE COURT:   Why not?

16               THE WITNESS:   Because I knew that our policy -- even  
17      if we did that, our dispatcher would not attempt to verify it  
18      with Georgia because the person was not in our presence or  
19      custody.   At that point, we didn't even know if he was still  
20      in Virginia.

21      BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

22      Q.   Mr. Howell?

23      A.   Yes.

24      Q.   When did Mr. Howell show up at the hotel?

25      A.   Approximately two hours after I originally saw that

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 wanted alert.

2 THE COURT: It doesn't say "custody," does it? It  
3 doesn't say just "custody"?

4 THE WITNESS: Correct. I believe it says  
5 "custody" --

6 THE COURT: Someone with whom they are in contact.

7 THE WITNESS: In the presence or contact of, yes,  
8 sir.

9 THE COURT: So you think you were in contact with  
10 Mr. -- what does "in contact" mean? So following him around,  
11 you think, might be in contact?

12 THE WITNESS: No, sir. I know it isn't because I've  
13 had incidents where I've been following someone that will  
14 come up on your Mobile system, when I was a uniformed  
15 officer, that says "possibly wanted." The dispatcher won't  
16 run it until that person cannot leave.

17 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

18 Q. And I think your explanation as given to the government  
19 earlier was that the reason not to engage in that is because  
20 of the waste of resources, I think were the words that you  
21 used?

22 A. I believe that's one of them, yes.

23 Q. So would you consider a telephone call a greater waste of  
24 resource than assembling a team of uniformed police officers  
25 to stop a car?

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 A. A telephone call from whom, sir?

2 Q. A telephone call from you or from an officer, is that a  
3 greater waste of resources in assembling a -- staging a team  
4 to stop a car?

5 A. Waste of resources -- it's probably less to place a phone  
6 call, but the policy does not allow it.

7 Q. As well as a waste of resources stopping a citizen and  
8 subjecting them to intrusion by a police officer?

9 A. I don't believe it's intrusion if they have a document  
10 that says they're possibly wanted.

11 Q. So just tell me --

12 THE COURT: Wait a minute. You don't think it's an  
13 intrusion to have police stop you?

14 THE WITNESS: Not if you have -- are in a  
15 database --

16 THE COURT: You may have justification, but it's  
17 certainly an intrusion.

18 THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor. I can't disagree  
19 with that.

20 THE COURT: It's never a good idea to play word  
21 games with a lawyer.

22 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

23 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

24 Q. So just tell me specifically each and every step you  
25 took, once at 9- -- about 9:55 in the morning when you got

A. Beha - Cross

1 the VCIN and the hit?

2 A. 9:59, yes, sir.

3 Q. Tell me specifically every step you took, if any, to  
4 confirm that warrant as what the VCIN says you should do.

5 A. None --

6 Q. I'm sorry?

7 A. None, until I could follow the policy, that the subject  
8 was in contact with a law enforcement officer.

9 Q. And on Government's Exhibit 3, with respect to the NCIC  
10 and the VCIN data, is this something that you also have been  
11 trained on when you went to the academy?

12 A. Not that in depth. I actually found this doing research  
13 after receiving the defense's paper regarding court today.

14 THE COURT: So I guess, then, you didn't rely on  
15 that in making any decisions out in the field.

16 THE WITNESS: I relied that our department policy  
17 would guide the officers of the VCIN policy, yes, sir.

18 THE COURT: But you didn't know about this, so you  
19 didn't rely on it.

20 THE WITNESS: Not that in depth, definitely not.

21 THE COURT: You relied on what was in your policy  
22 manual.

23 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

24 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

25 Q. Is the NCIC/VCIN data manual part of your Chesapeake

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 policy and procedure?

2 A. No.

3 Q. Even though that's what you use to be able to determine  
4 the existence of a criminal record?

5 A. The policy from the Mobile Data System guides officers on  
6 how to apply NCIC and VCIN.

7 Q. Right. I understand that. But my question was -- this  
8 is obviously -- what we're looking at in Government's  
9 Exhibit 1, that's obviously VCIN/NCIC?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. And that's what you're using?

12 A. It is.

13 Q. So you're not familiar as to whether or not the policy  
14 that NCIC/VCIN itself produces for the use of their  
15 information is incorporated into the Chesapeake policy?

16 A. I believe the --

17 THE COURT: I think he's answered that. He said  
18 that the policy manual is something they create for the  
19 police officers to use so they don't have to carry around a  
20 1,000-page manual.

21 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Yes, sir. Moving on, then, Your  
22 Honor.

23 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

24 Q. With respect to the specifics that you had talked about  
25 when the government asked you about the reasons that you had

—A. Beha - Cross—

1 or the knowledge that you had prior to the stop of the  
2 defendant, we've already talked about the 2014 and 2017  
3 circumstances and the information, the 2008 arrest in  
4 Virginia Beach, and then you also continued to talk about the  
5 rental car that the defendant was driving.

6 How did you know that he was driving a rental car?

7 A. Rental cars have a little sticker that, from training and  
8 experience, we know shows it's a rental car. That was the  
9 initial. After all of this, we completed a VCIN inquiry and  
10 confirmed that it was -- I can't remember which rental car  
11 company, but confirmed it was a rental car.

12 Q. So you didn't know that before the stop?

13 A. I knew --

14 Q. You knew it because of the sticker?

15 A. Yes.

16 Q. But you didn't actually take the license plate and run  
17 the plate?

18 A. I did not, no.

19 Q. Did the officer, Officer Byrd?

20 A. Not that I'm aware of.

21 Q. You mentioned to the Court that the presence of the  
22 rental car, the presence of the female, as information having  
23 been given to you by the informant, but we've already  
24 determined that the informant gave you a specific name  
25 associated with that car and with that female, and that name



—A. Beha - Cross—

1 was not the defendant's, correct?

2 A. Correct.

3 Q. So, really, the rental car and the female in the car have  
4 nothing to do with anything, do they?

5 A. I would disagree based on my status of mind at the time.

6 Q. Did you know the defendant, since you followed him for  
7 the past several years, had a sister?

8 A. I was aware he had two sisters. But I had never seen  
9 her.

10 Q. You also mentioned the fact that the defendant had  
11 entered into the hotel, had stayed for, I believe you said,  
12 ten minutes or so?

13 A. Approximately ten minutes.

14 Q. And then had left with a duffle bag, or something to that  
15 effect?

16 A. Yes, sir.

17 Q. You were aware at the time that the defendant had been a  
18 registered guest at the hotel?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. And was it conceivable to you that the defendant was  
21 checking out of the hotel with his goods?

22 A. It was at that point, yes.

23 Q. And, obviously, innocent travelers stay at the Aloft  
24 Hotel in Chesapeake that are not involved in drug activities?

25 A. Hopefully the majority.

A. Beha - Redirect

1 Q. How many rooms are there, do you know?

2 A. I believe -- I don't know the rooms. There's either four  
3 or five floors.

4 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Thank you, Your Honor.

5 THE COURT: Thank you.

6 So are Aloft Hotels everywhere known for this, or is  
7 this just Chesapeake?

8 THE WITNESS: I can only talk about the local one,  
9 Your Honor.

10 MR. BUTLER: Just three follow-up questions, Your  
11 Honor.

12 THE COURT: All right. Three.

13 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

14 BY MR. BUTLER:

15 Q. The first is: Can you just clarify, again, the  
16 difference between your desk computer and the Mobile Data  
17 System?

18 A. Sure. They simply have access to do two different  
19 platforms. A detective who does not have a laptop has access  
20 to something more that -- more similar to what a dispatcher  
21 would see, of where -- who to contact, things like that. The  
22 opposite -- they do not have access to what the Mobile  
23 computer is seeing, which will mention possible extradition  
24 and --

25 Q. And that's what is in the patrol car?

~~A. Beha - Redirect~~

1 A. Yes.

2 Q. That fine.

3 The second question is: We talked about VCIN, LInX,  
4 TLO. Of those data systems that you looked into that morning  
5 on the defendant, which one of those is a jurisdiction  
6 required to enter an arrest warrant?

7 A. VCIN and NCIC, which are one and the same.

8 Q. And then the last question is: There was a lot of  
9 argument about how easy it would be to just make a phone call  
10 to check the status of this warrant.

11 Why didn't you just do that?

12 A. Well, for one, it doesn't follow Chesapeake policy in two  
13 rights.

14 THE COURT: Well, it doesn't follow the policy with  
15 respect to the computers and the laptop. That doesn't seem  
16 to apply to your computer.

17 THE WITNESS: And, also, Your Honor, the second part  
18 of the policy states that that inquiry has to come from an  
19 ECC personnel.

20 THE COURT: That deals with the MDS, not with your  
21 computer, right?

22 BY MR. BUTLER:

23 Q. You need to clarify that.

24 So are you allowed to check the status -- per your  
25 policy, can you check the status of a warrant by calling

~~A. Beha - Redirect~~

1 another jurisdiction? Can you do that?

2 A. No.

3 Q. Why not? What is the policy?

4 A. May I refresh on the policy?

5 Q. Yes. Look at Page 2, Government's Exhibit 2.

6 THE COURT: Well, Page 2 refers to the Mobile Data  
7 System, which is a different system than he's got.

8 MR. BUTLER: Right.

9 THE COURT: So it doesn't apply to what he's got in  
10 his office.

11 BY MR. BUTLER:

12 Q. Why don't you, then, answer the Judge's question. Absent  
13 Government's Exhibit 2 -- just put that aside for a second --  
14 based on your training and your experience, ten years in the  
15 Chesapeake Police Department, what are you allowed -- what  
16 are you authorized to do when you see somebody has an active  
17 arrest warrant in another jurisdiction?

18 A. First step is they need to be detained, then I request or  
19 notify of a possible warrant to the ECC personnel, and the  
20 ECC personnel have the technology in place to confirm or deny  
21 said warrant with the jurisdiction that issued it.

22 THE COURT: And that's because, as you said, it's  
23 all done by computers and not phone calls?

24 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. And that allows the system  
25 to be up-to-date. For example, if a warrant is confirmed,

—K. Byrd - Direct—

1 that agency can remove it; whereas, I'm not sure if a  
2 detective called six states away and said, "Hey, sir, can you  
3 tell me about this warrant," how are they going to confirm  
4 I'm a law enforcement officer? That system allows a  
5 foolproof way for them to monitor it.

6 MR. BUTLER: No further questions. Thank you.

7 THE COURT: Any further questions for this witness?

8 MR. BROCCOLETTI: No, Your Honor. Thank you.

9 THE COURT: May he be excused?

10 MR. BUTLER: Yes, Your Honor.

11 (The witness was excused.)

12 MR. BUTLER: At this time, we're going to call  
13 Officer Byrd.

14 THE COURT: Before Officer Byrd comes in, I'm  
15 supposed to be on a conference call with Chief Judge Davis at  
16 1:00, and I think I need to tell him that I'm down here.

17 MR. BUTLER: These next two witnesses, Your Honor,  
18 will be relatively brief.

19 THE COURT: Well, but then we have to hear from you  
20 and Mr. Broccoletti, which may not be so brief.

21 (There was a pause in the proceedings.)

22 (The witness was affirmed.)

23 KENNETH BYRD, called by the Government, having been  
24 first duly affirmed, was examined and testified as follows:

25 DIRECT EXAMINATION

—K. Byrd - Direct—

1 BY MR. BUTLER:

2 Q. Please state your name.

3 A. I'm Officer Kenneth Byrd with the Chesapeake Police  
4 Department.

5 Q. Spell your last name.

6 A. Byrd, B-y-r-d.

7 Q. How long have you been with the Chesapeake Police  
8 Department?

9 A. Approximately seven-and-a-half years.

10 Q. Which division are you assigned to?

11 A. Currently assigned to the traffic enforcement section.

12 Q. And traffic enforcement, how many years have you been  
13 doing that?

14 A. About a year and a half. January of last year, I was  
15 transferred.

16 Q. And prior to that, what were you doing?

17 A. I was assigned to Operations.

18 Q. In the time that you have been with the Chesapeake Police  
19 Department approximately how many traffic stops have you been  
20 involved with?

21 A. Hundreds. I couldn't count. Hundreds.

22 Q. Let's talk about September 27th, 2019.

23 Were you on duty that day?

24 A. I was.

25 Q. And around noon, were you involved in a traffic stop

—K. Byrd - Direct—

1 involving this defendant?

2 A. Yes.

3 Q. Please tell the Court what information you had about the  
4 vehicle and its occupants prior to initiating your stop.

5 A. I was contacted prior to noon and advised that there was  
6 a black SUV with an out-of-state tag that was being operated  
7 by Xavier Howell who had a warrant from the state of Georgia  
8 out for his arrest and that the detectives that contacted had  
9 been also investigating this subject as part of a narcotics  
10 investigation.

11 Q. How long did you observe the vehicle prior to initiating  
12 your stop?

13 A. Just a couple of moments. Maybe two moments.

14 Q. Two minutes?

15 A. Minutes, I'm sorry, yes.

16 Q. What time did you initiate the stop?

17 A. 12:06 p.m.

18 Q. How can you be so specific that it's 12:06?

19 A. Dual authentication. One, I called the traffic stop in  
20 to dispatch, and the dispatcher generates an assignment for  
21 me to be assigned to through our computer dispatch system.  
22 That was done at 12:06. The second is via body camera, and  
23 when the body camera is activated, it turns on timestamps and  
24 backs up 30 seconds of silence.

25 Q. Why don't you tell us about the initial encounter that

—K. Byrd - Direct—

1 you had with the defendant.

2 A. I approached the vehicle on -- this is on Tintern Street  
3 in Chesapeake. I approached the vehicle, which was a black  
4 Escalade, Cadillac Escalade, on the driver's side.

5 Mr. Howell was the driver of the vehicle. I advised him that  
6 I was conducting the stop because the license plates did not  
7 return to that vehicle and asked him for his license and  
8 registration.

9 Q. Was that -- the fact that the license plate didn't return  
10 to that vehicle, was that just a ruse?

11 A. Yes.

12 THE COURT: You advised who that the license plate  
13 did not return to the vehicle?

14 THE WITNESS: Mr. Howell, the driver, sir.

15 THE COURT: Why did you tell him that?

16 THE WITNESS: Just as a ruse, because I knew he had  
17 a warrant. In my experience, by telling somebody directly  
18 I've stopped them for having a warrant, it may result in  
19 fleeing, and to prevent that, I just decided to make  
20 something up. That way I could get his information and run  
21 it to determine if the warrant was still in the system.

22 BY MR. BUTLER:

23 Q. So when you ran the defendant's information in your  
24 Mobile Data System, what did you learn?

25 A. It did return that there was an active warrant from



—K. Byrd - Direct—

1 Georgia. As I was reading through the hit in our system, it  
2 showed that it was non-extraditable from the state of  
3 Georgia.

4 THE COURT: Say that again. You did what? You  
5 ran --

6 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. Once I retrieved his  
7 information, I went back to the vehicle, my vehicle, and ran  
8 the license number through the VCIN/NCIC system and --

9 THE COURT: You mean his driver's license?

10 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

11 THE COURT: Okay.

12 THE WITNESS: And then it returned with a hit for an  
13 active warrant.

14 THE COURT: Okay. And what did you say about it  
15 being extraditable?

16 THE WITNESS: The warrant indicated from Georgia  
17 that it was a non-extraditable warrant.

18 BY MR. BUTLER:

19 Q. So why -- if it's non-extraditable, what do you do? What  
20 does your training and experience and policy dictate you to  
21 do when you see at this point it's non-extraditable?

22 A. Regardless of what the computer says, we're still  
23 required to confirm it via dispatch, just because things may  
24 change. So we have to still go to a dispatcher on the radio  
25 and confirm with them the warrant's existence.

—K. Byrd - Direct—

1 Q. Why? What do you mean that things could change? It says  
2 non-extraditable.

3 A. The locality that the warrant was issued in could have  
4 maybe changed it to extraditable, or they could have removed  
5 the warrant entirely from the system but it didn't process at  
6 that point. It could be that the warrant was already served  
7 and it just hadn't been returned from the system.

8 Q. So in the hundreds of traffic stops that you've done in  
9 your career, have you seen it go both ways?

10 A. I've never seen a non-extraditable warrant. I've  
11 actually never done a full extraditable warrant, but I have  
12 seen situations where I've stopped somebody who showed a  
13 warrant and they'd already been served on that warrant in the  
14 system.

15 THE COURT: What did you say? You've never seen a  
16 non-extraditable warrant?

17 THE WITNESS: I've never done an extradition warrant  
18 myself, sir. I've never had a warrant return as extraditable  
19 for myself. I've participated with other officers but  
20 haven't done one myself.

21 BY MR. BUTLER:

22 Q. So walk through that protocol. You see it's  
23 non-extraditable. So what is the protocol that you are to  
24 follow? You said to call the dispatcher. And then what?

25 A. Correct. So first we switch to our records channel --

—K. Byrd - Direct—

1 it's a nonprimary dispatch channel -- and advise the  
2 dispatcher that there's a possible warrant in the system.  
3 They will then run it through the terminal they're linked to  
4 and advise if it exists in their terminal as well.

5 Q. Okay.

6 A. From there, it goes to our Operations section.

7 Q. Why does it go from the dispatcher to the Operations  
8 section?

9 A. The dispatcher -- they move on the fly. They do a lot of  
10 things at once. The particular records dispatcher is in  
11 charge of things like calling tow trucks for car crashes,  
12 calling other agencies, for example, if we had a robbery  
13 nearby the city line. That dispatcher is in charge of a lot  
14 of things.

15 So because a warrant confirmation is a lengthy  
16 process, after the initial observation of, yes, we do have a  
17 warrant that we can observe, we have to go to the Operations  
18 channel because they're the ones who do confirmation.

19 THE COURT: And you do that on all the warrants that  
20 you get; is that right?

21 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

22 THE COURT: Even though you've never had one that  
23 says they're extraditable?

24 THE WITNESS: Correct.

25 BY MR. BUTLER:

—K. Byrd - Direct—

1 Q. So how long was it from the time that you contacted the  
2 dispatcher to the time that the VCIN Operations person  
3 contacts you with the update on the status of the warrant?

4 A. From -- are you saying from the original dispatcher, the  
5 records dispatcher?

6 Q. Right.

7 A. Approximately ten minutes. Maybe nine to ten minutes.

8 Q. And how long after your initial stop at 12:06 did  
9 Detective Rombs show up with his K-9?

10 A. He was there about five minutes later.

11 Q. And you know that because of the -- you read the  
12 dispatcher records?

13 A. Correct, both, the timestamp and the timestamp on the  
14 camera when he walks into the camera frame.

15 Q. During the time that you are waiting -- to be clear, at  
16 what time did the VCIN Operations get back to you about the  
17 status of this warrant?

18 A. That was at approximately 12:22. Or 12:21 to 12:22.

19 Q. In the time before 12:22, what are you observing?

20 A. Just speaking with Mr. Howell outside the vehicle, asking  
21 him about the warrant, if he knew there was a warrant for his  
22 arrest.

23 Q. And did you participate in the search of the vehicle?

24 A. No.

25 MR. BUTLER: Those are all the questions I have.

—K. Byrd - Cross—

1 THE COURT: When did the drug-sniffing dog get  
2 there?

3 THE WITNESS: That was at 12:11, sir.

4 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

5 CROSS-EXAMINATION

6 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

7 Q. Good afternoon, sir. How are you?

8 A. Good. How are you?

9 Q. Good, thank you.

10 You knew this was a narcotics investigation?

11 A. Yes.

12 Q. You had been alerted by Detective Beha that it was a  
13 narcotics investigation?

14 A. I don't recall which detective I spoke to.

15 Q. But you recognized that this stop of the vehicle was  
16 intertwined with a narcotics investigation that they were --  
17 ongoing?

18 A. Correct.

19 Q. You knew that there was a drug dog that was in the area?

20 A. Yes.

21 Q. You knew that the drug dog was going to be part of the  
22 investigation into Mr. Howell and the car?

23 A. Correct.

24 Q. How many other officers were in position, so to speak?

25 A. To my knowledge, just my car, and I was training, and

—K. Byrd - Cross—

1 then the other officer with the dog.

2 Q. Officer Rombs?

3 A. I was not aware he was in the area, no, sir.

4 Q. Officer Beha has testified that he had contacted you  
5 sometime around 10:00 in the morning. Would that be  
6 accurate?

7 A. About.

8 MR. BUTLER: Objection. I believe that's misstating  
9 what Detective Beha --

10 THE COURT: Well, he asked him whether it's  
11 accurate. We'll see what the answer is.

12 THE WITNESS: I don't know the exact time. It was  
13 that morning.

14 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

15 Q. It was sometime before the stop of the vehicle, though?

16 A. Yes, sir.

17 Q. Would it be fair to say that he had been in contact with  
18 you several times, four or five, six times, prior to the stop  
19 of the vehicle?

20 A. I wouldn't say that many, no, sir.

21 Q. How many would you say?

22 A. Maybe two or three that I can recall.

23 Q. And can you recall the substance of the conversation that  
24 you had with him and what he told you to do?

25 A. The first was that there was the black SUV with

—K. Byrd - Cross—

1 out-of-state plates that they were investigating for a  
2 narcotics infraction and that the driver of the vehicle had a  
3 possible warrant. They asked me to assist them in stopping  
4 the vehicle. And then the second was once, I guess, they  
5 were in position -- I'm not exactly sure -- that they were  
6 there, and then I believe the third was that they were  
7 moving, essentially.

8 THE COURT: So when you get something like this,  
9 which I think it happens from time to time, do you sort of go  
10 station yourself somewhere so that you are likely to be able  
11 to intercept this car?

12 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

13 THE COURT: So they call you, and they say, We've  
14 got this person that we may want you to go get, he's at the  
15 Aloft, can you hang around there? -- is that pretty much what  
16 they ask you to do?

17 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. They asked me if I was  
18 nearby the -- well, they didn't say the hotel. They said the  
19 Crossways Boulevard, which is that road that it's on, and  
20 then I was already in that area, so I just waited.

21 THE COURT: And they just happened to get you?

22 THE WITNESS: I would -- they called me knowing that  
23 I'm reliable, perhaps. No offense to my other coworkers.

24 THE COURT: Well, are you a reliable informant? You  
25 are. Okay. Well, that's good. I'm glad they found you

—K. Byrd - Cross—

1 reliable.

2 THE WITNESS: Thank you, sir.

3 MR. BROCCOLETTI: May I proceed, Your Honor?

4 THE COURT: Yes, please.

5 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

6 Q. When he first -- when the detective first contacted you,  
7 you talked about the black car and et cetera, et cetera --  
8 did he give you the name of the individual?

9 A. Yes.

10 Q. Did he tell you that the individual potentially had a  
11 warrant out in Georgia?

12 A. Yes.

13 Q. Did he tell you anything about that the information on  
14 the warrant said confirm that the warrant is still  
15 outstanding?

16 A. I don't recall that.

17 Q. Did he ask you to do anything on your laptop, on your MDS  
18 system, to confirm the existence of the warrant prior to the  
19 time of the stop?

20 A. Not to my recollection.

21 Q. You had that ability to, though?

22 A. If I would have had all the -- name, date of birth,  
23 Social, I can do that, yes, sir, I can.

24 Q. But that was never asked of you, just to be clear?

25 A. Correct. Not to my recollection, it was not.



—K. Byrd - Cross—

1 Q. So at the time the vehicle was stopped at about 12:06,  
2 obviously it wasn't stopped for any traffic infraction?

3 A. Correct.

4 Q. Or for the license plates?

5 A. Correct.

6 Q. It was stopped because the officers asked you to stop it?

7 A. Correct.

8 Q. Had you done any work on your MDS to determine the  
9 outstanding warrant? Had you done anything?

10 A. At the time, prior to the stop, no, sir.

11 Q. So you stopped the vehicle. You had a partner with you,  
12 right?

13 A. Yes.

14 Q. And your partner was Officer Weeks?

15 A. Correct.

16 Q. And this was on a body cam, right?

17 A. We both had them, yes, sir.

18 Q. You both had body cams.

19 A. Yes, sir.

20 Q. Have you been able to review the body cam prior to your  
21 testimony today?

22 A. I have.

23 Q. I'm just going to ask you if these are some things that  
24 you recall saying.

25 You said, "Well, let's check and make sure it's

—K. Byrd - Cross—

1 him." Do you recall that?

2 A. Correct.

3 Q. And then Officer Weeks said, "He's wanted," right?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. And then you responded, "No extradition. Pick up only.  
6 Howdy." H-o-w-d-y.

7 Did you know at that point, prior to the time that  
8 you actually got to Mr. Howell?

9 A. No. Once I went back to the vehicle, when I ran him is  
10 when I saw that it said non-extraditable.

11 Q. And do we have a record of that? Do you have a  
12 screenshot of that or anything, of what your MDS system says?

13 A. I do not, no, sir.

14 Q. What did it say specifically, do you recall?

15 A. In terms of the extradition?

16 Q. Yes, sir.

17 A. The way that a VCIN/NCIC hit works is it's got a lot of,  
18 like, categories, and it will have "Name," and it will say  
19 the person's last, first; date of birth; Social; license  
20 number, whatever it may be. And then it has a field that  
21 says what the warrant is for, what the ORI is for, and then  
22 it's got a bunch of, like, miscellaneous information, such as  
23 if the person is perhaps a known drug user.

24 And in this situation, as I was reading it, that's  
25 what I was reading, so the name of the person, the date of

—K. Byrd - Cross—

1 birth. Because it works on recognition. So if it's someone  
2 who has the same name but a different birthday, it may  
3 appear, or the same birthday with a similar name, it may  
4 appear. So that's why I was reading through that page.

5 Q. I understand.

6 And at that point, as you discover that there's a  
7 possible active warrant with no extradition, Officer Rombs  
8 shows up?

9 A. Yes.

10 Q. And he's the officer with the drug dog?

11 A. Yes.

12 Q. And Officer Rombs tells you, "Well, if he has a warrant,  
13 just detain him"?

14 A. Correct.

15 Q. Then you said, "Yeah, we're checking it now." And then  
16 he says something about "instant pickup." What does that  
17 mean, "instant pickup"? Do you know what that means?

18 A. Instant, like, immediate?

19 Q. Instant, yes. "Instant pickup," do you know what he  
20 meant by that?

21 A. No, I don't know what that means.

22 Q. And then you're talking about there's a female with him,  
23 as well, in the front passenger's seat. Do you recall that?

24 A. Correct.

25 Q. And then Officer Rombs says, "Let's detain him first"?

—K. Byrd - Cross—

1 A. Yes.

2 THE COURT: How do you spell Rombs?

3 MR. BROCCOLETTI: R-o-h-m-s [sic].

4 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

5 Q. And at that point, that's when you go back to the vehicle  
6 and have Mr. Howell step out of the car?

7 A. Correct.

8 Q. Do you recall that?

9 A. Yes.

10 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Thank you very much, Your Honor.

11 THE COURT: You were getting ready to tell me that  
12 that's not how you spell Rombs.

13 THE WITNESS: Correct.

14 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Oh, sorry.

15 THE COURT: Well, he's reliable, so how is Rombs  
16 spelled?

17 THE WITNESS: R-o-m-b-s.

18 THE COURT: When did you first see Mr. Howell?

19 THE WITNESS: I saw Mr. Howell -- himself or the  
20 vehicle?

21 THE COURT: The car.

22 THE WITNESS: That was at approximately the area of  
23 Crossways Boulevard and Volvo Parkway.

24 THE COURT: Let's pretend I'm not from Chesapeake.

25 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

—K. Byrd - Redirect—

1 THE COURT: How far is that from where you stopped  
2 him?

3 THE WITNESS: Maybe -- I apologize, I'm not very  
4 good with distance. Maybe two miles, a little bit less.

5 THE COURT: So you followed him for two miles?

6 THE WITNESS: The vehicle was far -- it was up ahead  
7 of me. So by the time I actually got to where I may define  
8 it as following was maybe half a mile.

9 THE COURT: So how long were you in contact with him  
10 before you turned on your blue lights and stopped him?

11 THE WITNESS: What do you mean by "contact," sir?

12 THE COURT: Well, following the law, you were --  
13 obviously you didn't just swoop down on him.

14 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. Once I got behind his  
15 vehicle, it was about a half mile. So at a roadway that's 25  
16 miles per hour, only enough time for me to contact dispatch  
17 to advise them that I was doing a traffic stop.

18 THE COURT: A couple of minutes?

19 THE WITNESS: If that, yes, sir.

20 THE COURT: Thank you.

21 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

22 BY MR. BUTLER:

23 Q. Do you remember when the defense attorney asked you  
24 whether or not Detective Beha made a request of you to check  
25 your MDS prior to initiating the stop? Do you remember when

—K. Byrd - Redirect—

1 he asked you that question?

2 A. I recall the question, yes.

3 Q. Per your department policy, when are you authorized to  
4 call dispatch for the status of a warrant?

5 A. We have to have a detention in play. So we have to --  
6 whether handcuffed or not, the person has to be detained by a  
7 law enforcement officer to contact dispatch to confirm a  
8 warrant.

9 MR. BUTLER: Thank you.

10 THE COURT: Anything further of this witness?

11 MR. BROCCOLETTI: No, Your Honor. Thank you.

12 THE COURT: Anything further?

13 MR. BUTLER: No, Your Honor.

14 THE COURT: May he be excused?

15 MR. BUTLER: Yes, Your Honor.

16 THE COURT: Officer Byrd, thank you very much. I  
17 appreciate you coming today.

18 (The witness was excused.)

19 MR. BUTLER: At this time, the United States calls  
20 its last witness, Detective Clinton Rombs.

21 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Judge, I apologize for spelling  
22 his name wrong.

23 THE COURT: That's all right.

24 MR. BROCCOLETTI: With my last name, I do that  
25 often.

—C. Rombs - Direct—

1 (The witness was affirmed.)

2 CLINTON ROMBS, called by the Government, having been  
3 first duly affirmed, was examined and testified as follows:

4 DIRECT EXAMINATION

5 BY MR. BUTLER:

6 Q. Sir, could you state your name and kindly spell your last  
7 name.

8 A. Yes. Detective C. J. Rombs, R-o-m-b-s.

9 Q. And, Detective, by whom are you employed?

10 A. I'm employed by the Chesapeake Police Department.

11 Q. How long have you been with the Chesapeake Police?

12 A. Nine-and-a-half years.

13 Q. Which division are you assigned to?

14 A. I'm currently assigned to the Vice and Narcotics section.

15 Q. Other than being associated with Vice and Narcotics, do  
16 you have any special training?

17 A. Yes. In addition to being a Vice and Narcotics  
18 detective, I'm a narcotic detection dog handler.

19 Q. What is the name of your K-9 partner?

20 A. K-9 Doug, D-o-u-g.

21 Q. And what breed is Doug?

22 A. He's a Belgium Malinois.

23 Q. What is Doug trained to do?

24 A. He's trained to detect the odor of five illegal  
25 narcotics, which are marijuana, heroin, cocaine, ecstasy, and

—C. Rombs - Direct—

1 methamphetamine.

2 Q. And as part of your work handling Doug, do you sometimes  
3 assist with traffic stops?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. How many traffic stops would you approximate you've used  
6 a K-9?

7 A. Hundreds.

8 Q. And let's talk about one on September 27th of 2019. Were  
9 you on duty that day?

10 A. Yes.

11 Q. And around noon did you assist with a traffic stop?

12 A. Yes, I did.

13 Q. Prior to the traffic stop, were you briefed about any of  
14 the circumstances surrounding the traffic stop?

15 A. Yes.

16 Q. And what was your understanding? How did you come to  
17 learn about this?

18 A. I was in court at the time, and my boss informed me that  
19 Detectives Milewczik and Detective Beha knew about a known  
20 narcotic trafficker at a local hotel in the city of  
21 Chesapeake, and they were -- when I first found out about it,  
22 they were looking to organize a team to investigate this.

23 Q. All right. And other than your boss, was there any other  
24 communications you were receiving?

25 A. So when I got out of court and I went home to retrieve



—C. Rombs - Direct—

1 K-9 Doug, I overheard the radio traffic that was happening on  
2 the radio.

3 Q. And hearing the radio traffic, were you aware of when the  
4 stop was initiated?

5 A. Yes.

6 Q. What time was that?

7 A. Approximately 12:06.

8 Q. And what time did you show up?

9 A. 12:11.

10 Q. How are you so precise with the time when you showed up?

11 A. So when you communicate a traffic stop over the radio,  
12 our emergency dispatch system documents that time in our  
13 computer database, and I reviewed that computer database.

14 Q. So what did you see when you pulled up?

15 A. I saw a black Cadillac SUV that appeared to be stopped by  
16 Officer Byrd and Officer Weeks. Officer Byrd -- when I  
17 arrived on the scene, Officer Byrd and Officer Weeks were  
18 sitting inside of their patrol vehicle with their emergency  
19 equipment activated.

20 Q. What was the first thing that you did?

21 A. Walked up to Officer Byrd's window, and this is when he  
22 informed me that the driver of the vehicle was wanted.

23 Q. And so what happened next?

24 A. I advised that if he was -- indicated he was wanted, that  
25 we should detain that individual, which was later found to be

—C. Rombs - Direct—

1 Xavier Howell.

2 Q. And then once he was detained, what did you do?

3 A. While he was being detained, I walked around to the  
4 passenger's side of the vehicle and had the passenger step  
5 out with her baby.

6 THE COURT: Of Mr. Howell's vehicle?

7 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

8 BY MR. BUTLER:

9 Q. After the female passenger exited the vehicle with her  
10 baby, what did you do?

11 A. Well, I initially started to walk back when I was stopped  
12 by Mr. Howell. He was asking why I had her step out and was  
13 asking what I was doing there. After I informed him what I  
14 was going to do, I was going to deploy a K-9 dog around the  
15 exterior of the vehicle for an open-air sniff. I retrieved  
16 K-9 Doug from my patrol vehicle and deployed him in the air  
17 around the black Cadillac SUV.

18 THE COURT: Were you in a uniform at that time?

19 THE WITNESS: I was in plain clothes. I had a tac  
20 vest on identifying myself as police.

21 THE COURT: Were you in a police car or in an  
22 unmarked car?

23 THE WITNESS: It was an unmarked police car.

24 BY MR. BUTLER:

25 Q. So tell the Judge about the free-air sniff. How does it

—C. Rombs - Direct—

1 work?

2 A. So that one -- I typically -- an open-air sniff, I'll  
3 bring Doug to the area. He's on a leash. I'll typically  
4 give him a command to find the odor, if there's any odor  
5 present, search the area, sniff the area, and I allow him to  
6 go around whatever area I need him to go around.

7 In this particular instance, as I walked him up to  
8 the vehicle, the driver's door was already open, and I  
9 observed K-9 Doug alert to the odor of illegal narcotics. I  
10 observed his body behavior change. His breathing  
11 intensified. It became more rapid. You could see his ribs  
12 fluttering on his side, and you could see him working the  
13 odor in a cone shape, which is typical when he's in odor of  
14 illegal narcotics. And then he worked the odor to the side  
15 of the driver's seat, underneath the seat.

16 Q. From the time that you deployed Doug out of your vehicle  
17 and you approached the defendant's vehicle, approximately how  
18 long did it take for Doug to alert?

19 A. From the time I got him out of my vehicle --

20 Q. Yes.

21 A. -- is the question?

22 Approximately 30 seconds or so.

23 Q. And --

24 THE COURT: How long had you been there when you got  
25 Doug out of the car?

—C. Rombs - Direct—

1 THE WITNESS: So from the time I arrived to the time  
2 I got him out of the car was approximately five minutes.

3 THE COURT: And during that time, you went and you  
4 got the woman out of the car --

5 THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor.

6 THE COURT: -- and talked to Byrd and so forth?

7 THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor.

8 BY MR. BUTLER:

9 Q. And that also included the time the defendant was asking  
10 you all those questions about what you were doing?

11 A. That's correct. The defendant was asking me questions,  
12 and the passenger was also asking questions about why she  
13 needed to get out of the vehicle.

14 Q. Was the alert -- is it accurate to say that it was  
15 sometime around 12:16 or 12:17?

16 A. That's correct.

17 Q. Because you arrived at 12:11?

18 A. That's correct.

19 Q. What did Doug alert on specifically?

20 A. He initially alerted to the -- underneath the driver's  
21 seat, on the side. Based on that alert, I allowed him to go  
22 inside the vehicle, where he alerted to a baby diaper bag in  
23 the back, a black duffel bag in the back, and a United States  
24 Postal Service box, which was also in the back of the  
25 vehicle.

C. Rombs - Cross

1 Q. When he alerted on those items -- the black duffel bag,  
2 the baby diaper bag, and the U.S. Postal box -- what did you  
3 do?

4 A. Secured K-9 Doug and then began to search the vehicle.

5 Q. What did you find?

6 A. Inside of the United States Postal Service box was  
7 approximately 2 kilograms of methamphetamine.

8 MR. BUTLER: Those are all the questions I have for  
9 you. Please stand by for cross-examination.

10 CROSS-EXAMINATION

11 BY MR. BROCCOLETTI:

12 Q. Good afternoon, sir.

13 A. Good afternoon.

14 Q. Approximately what time was it that you were contacted  
15 while you were in court that you may be needed for this?

16 A. I don't know, sir.

17 Q. But you had to leave court to go back to your house? Is  
18 that what I understand?

19 A. I did leave -- I was already getting out of court, but  
20 that's what I did. After I left court, I went back to my  
21 house. I live fairly close to the courts.

22 Q. And the dog lives with you?

23 A. Yes, sir.

24 Q. So you recognized, obviously, because you've been in this  
25 situation before, that this was a narcotics investigation?

—C. Rombs - Cross—

1 A. Yes.

2 Q. And you recognized what your purpose and your role would  
3 have been, which is to deploy your dog as you did?

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. Had you learned anything about the defendant's name or  
6 conduct or anything of that nature prior to this, prior to  
7 the time of the stop?

8 A. Not that I recall. I just recall knowing that it was  
9 known to them -- that that was communicated over the radio  
10 that it was a known narcotic trafficker.

11 Q. Did you come upon the scene after the stop had occurred,  
12 or were you in a different staging area?

13 A. I came straight from my house, and I arrived to the scene  
14 of the traffic stop after the traffic stop was initiated.

15 Q. How long after the traffic stop was initiated? I think  
16 the traffic stop was at 12:06.

17 A. 12:06. I arrived at 12:11.

18 Q. And at that point, was the defendant still in the  
19 vehicle?

20 A. Yes, sir.

21 Q. And the girl was still in the vehicle?

22 A. Yes, sir.

23 Q. And you came back to talk for Officer Byrd and Officer  
24 Weeks?

25 A. I went straight to Officer Byrd and talked to them when I

—C. Rombs - Cross—

1 arrived.

2 Q. Was there a discussion that you had with Officer Byrd  
3 about this particular warrant being outstanding and not being  
4 extraditable?

5 A. That part was not discussed.

6 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Thank you, Your Honor.

7 THE COURT: Redirect?

8 MR. BUTLER: No, Your Honor.

9 THE COURT: Thank you very much. May this witness  
10 be excused?

11 MR. BUTLER: Yes, Your Honor.

12 THE COURT: Thank you, Detective Rombs. I  
13 appreciate it.

14 THE WITNESS: You're welcome, sir.

15 (The witness was excused.)

16 THE COURT: Any further witnesses?

17 MR. BUTLER: No, Your Honor.

18 THE COURT: Do you have any witnesses,  
19 Mr. Broccoletti?

20 MR. BROCCOLETTI: We do not, Your Honor. Thank you.

21 THE COURT: All right. Well, let's hear from the  
22 government on this.

23 It seems to me that this case turns on the warrant.  
24 The rest of the stuff just doesn't get them anywhere near  
25 where they need to be to stop this fellow. Legal driving, I

1 don't think really gets you too far, and going in and out of  
2 hotels.

3 MR. BUTLER: No, but, Your Honor, I do want to go  
4 back to what the -- put the warrant aside for a second.

5 THE COURT: Well, I'd like you to focus on the  
6 warrant because that's the thing that concerns me in this  
7 case.

8 MR. BUTLER: All right. The warrant is -- first of  
9 all, to get an arrest warrant, it has to be based on probable  
10 cause. So they have this policy that they cannot check the  
11 status of the warrant until the target is in -- until they've  
12 detained him. That's the testimony.

13 THE COURT: Or in contact.

14 MR. BUTLER: Or in contact, that's right.

15 And based on their training and experience, they  
16 understand that to be, in this particular circumstance,  
17 somebody who is stopped, here in a traffic stop, and they  
18 have, you know -- they've got custody of him.

19 And so there's a process. They call the dispatcher.  
20 The dispatcher calls the Operations Center. And it's the  
21 Operations Center that is reaching back out to the  
22 jurisdiction, because, as Detective Beha testified, sometimes  
23 the status of warrants can change, either in the defendant's  
24 favor where it appears to be active but, in fact, it may not  
25 be, or the other way around.



1           And so they were following their policy on this  
2   arrest warrant, and by the time they get the information back  
3   on the status of the warrant, the drug dog had already  
4   alerted. The drug dog had already alerted five minutes  
5   before the VCIN Operations personnel said this is  
6   non-extraditable. And the search had -- the dog had already  
7   alerted, and by the time he had alerted --

8           THE COURT: Well, the only way they can stop this  
9   fellow, it seems to me, is based on the warrant.

10          MR. BUTLER: I think, though, that they --

11          THE COURT: If they're not allowed to rely on that  
12   information that they had a warrant, they have no reason to  
13   stop him.

14          MR. BUTLER: Well, I think that there is a  
15   reasonable suspicion based on their prior investigation of  
16   this defendant. They know that a business, which he's a  
17   director of -- there's a controlled purchase --

18          THE COURT: Five years ago.

19          MR. BUTLER: But then, in subsequent years  
20   following, multiple confidential informants are talking about  
21   this defendant and his involvement in drug trafficking. He's  
22   got the criminal history of possession with intent to  
23   distribute.

24          The confidential informant in September says -- this  
25   is important. Even though he says there's a target who is

1 not the defendant that's going to be here, he says he's  
2 meeting with other drug dealers, and they see this defendant,  
3 who they know to be involved in drug trafficking, on that  
4 registry, showing up in this rental car, which, based on  
5 their training and experience, is something consistent with  
6 what drug traffickers want to do; use cars that don't get  
7 registered back to them, stay in hotels like this Aloft Hotel  
8 where Detective Beha has made multiple drug arrests, has made  
9 multiple drug seizures.

10 So we think that there's a number of reasons in the  
11 totality of circumstances that would give them the reasonable  
12 suspicion that something was afoot.

13 And then as it goes to this argument that it was a  
14 prolonged stop, we cited some --

15 THE COURT: All right. I don't think it's a  
16 prolonged stop. This is what I think this case turns on:

17 If they're allowed to stop him because of the  
18 warrant, it's a good stop, but otherwise, it's not. That's  
19 how I look at this.

20 MR. BUTLER: Yes, Your Honor.

21 THE COURT: Because I think that all of this other  
22 stuff is just a lot of "who shot John" from past years and  
23 rumors from an informant who turned out to be absolutely off  
24 the money in this particular case.

25 MR. BUTLER: And based on the way that you see the

1 case, Your Honor, these officers are acting on good faith.  
2 They see an active arrest warrant, and their policies require  
3 that this person be detained before they can verify the  
4 status.

5 And as we cited sort of in the motion, too, this  
6 good faith is trying to root out police misconduct, systemic  
7 errors, reckless disregard of constitutional requirements,  
8 and based on the testimony that you hear here today, we don't  
9 have any of that.

10 We have officers who are following their policies,  
11 and they saw an active warrant, and they executed per their  
12 policies on the warrant, Your Honor.

13 THE COURT: Thank you.

14 All right, Mr. Broccoletti.

15 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Your Honor, I'll just get right to  
16 the point. What does the word "confirm" mean? Confirm.  
17 That's exactly what the first word is. "Wanted - confirm  
18 that the want is still outstanding." Counsel says that --

19 THE COURT: Well, that's in what?

20 MR. BROCCOLETTI: VCIN, Your Honor, Government's  
21 Exhibit 1.

22 THE COURT: Exhibit 1 is not the VCIN; it's the  
23 Chesapeake policy.

24 MR. BROCCOLETTI: No, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Oh, you're right. It's the warrant --

1 or the printout.

2 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Yes.

3 So I think the government's argument that, well,  
4 here we have a situation where the officers have to determine  
5 if there's a change in the status of the report or a change  
6 in the status of the warrant and whether it's still  
7 outstanding and whether it's been served, and so on and so  
8 forth, and in order to be able to verify that, we have to  
9 stop him, detain him, possibly put him in handcuffs, and then  
10 we'll find out. That, to me, just doesn't make any sense  
11 whatsoever.

12 And when the warrant itself says "confirm," and they  
13 have multiple opportunities to confirm it -- now, you may not  
14 want to pick up the phone and call, because the sheriff's  
15 office in Crawfordville, Georgia, may say we don't know who  
16 we're talking about, they had multiple opportunities from  
17 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. to ascertain the validity of this  
18 particular warrant.

19 The detective is in contact with the officer four or  
20 five times. He has been in "contact," as the word that we're  
21 using today -- Detective Beha -- with Mr. Howell since 2014.  
22 He's been following him on Facebook and social media.

23 THE COURT: I don't think that's what they mean by  
24 being in contact.

25 MR. BROCCOLETTI: I understand. I'm being

1        facetious. I apologize.

2                But the point is he knows him. He's got his  
3 pedigree. He's got his date of birth. He's got his Social.  
4 He has everything that he needs to have to be able to verify  
5 the existence of this warrant and whether it's changed.

6                And to me, from a constitutional standpoint, the  
7 intrusion word that I used before is much less intrusive by  
8 going through the channels and methods that they had to  
9 determine this warrant when they're alerted that it has to be  
10 confirmed as opposed to stopping an individual, detaining  
11 him, subjecting him to the drug dog and everything else that  
12 followed.

13                So the point that I'm trying to make, Your Honor, is  
14 this is a drug investigation. They wanted to stop him. They  
15 needed a reason to stop him. They knew that there wasn't  
16 enough evidence from the 2014 and 2017 circumstances and  
17 hearsay to stop him, so they needed to have a reason to stop  
18 him.

19                It's interesting that they stopped him with a team  
20 which included a drug dog. So we know what they're stopping  
21 him for. Let's be honest about it. They stopped him because  
22 they wanted to be able to get into the car, and that's what  
23 they used the dog for, and they used the warrant to be able  
24 to get in there.

25                But they didn't do anything that they easily could

1 have done to verify the existence of the warrant. And in  
2 their own words, "We're supposed to do that so we can check  
3 and see if the status of the warrant has changed."

4 I'd suggest to the Court the way to do that is the  
5 appropriate way, through the appropriate methods that were  
6 available to them, and not to stop a citizen and subject him  
7 to this.

8 THE COURT: Well, the police officer said that  
9 they're not allowed to do that, under the way things work in  
10 Chesapeake. What is your response to that?

11 MR. BROCCOLETTI: Well, I think the Court, from a  
12 constitutional standpoint, can see that the procedure that  
13 they've adopted is not a valid constitutional procedure, but  
14 they had the ability -- while we may say and you may argue  
15 that Detective Beha did not have a, quote/unquote, "laptop"  
16 from which to do his MDS search, he certainly had the ability  
17 to radio the dispatcher, the same way that the officer did,  
18 and have the dispatcher run the material the same way the  
19 officer did.

20 THE COURT: Well, but they say that the dispatcher  
21 won't do that until they have somebody in custody.

22 MR. BROCCOLETTI: That makes --

23 THE COURT: It's sort of a catch-22.

24 MR. BROCCOLETTI: It is. But the officer -- and I  
25 think the words that the Court used before are "in contact."

1 Clearly the officers are in contact with the defendant.  
2 They're in contact with him from the time that they see him.  
3 They have his pedigree. They have the ability. There's no  
4 reason in the world for Detective Beha not to have told  
5 Officer Byrd to run it through the MDS, because that's the  
6 proper procedure.

7 If they wanted to be sure that the warrant existed,  
8 if they wanted to be sure that they were making a correct  
9 stop, it would have been simple to do that.

10 Thank you, Your Honor.

11 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

12 Mr. Butler, do you want to respond to that?

13 MR. BUTLER: We can argue about what "in contact"  
14 means. I mean, we can argue that "in contact" is you're  
15 having communication, you're verifying that this individual  
16 is who they suspect him to be, but at the end of the day --  
17 you mentioned it in your question to defense counsel.

18 What defense counsel is ignoring -- and he's saying  
19 they should have made a phone call, it would have been  
20 reasonable, it's not taking up too many resources. But  
21 that's not their policy. Their policy --

22 THE COURT: Well, the reasonableness does have  
23 something to do with the Fourth Amendment.

24 MR. BUTLER: Of course. But, Your Honor, what they  
25 saw -- and as you evaluate the good faith here, they saw an

1 active arrest warrant. They followed their rules. And prior  
2 to getting the results of the status of the warrant, the dog  
3 has already alerted on the vehicle, and they find this  
4 methamphetamine, Your Honor.

5 THE COURT: All right. Okay. Thank you very much.

6 I'm going to probably write something about this,  
7 and I'll get back to you on it.

8 Now, we were supposed to talk about another case  
9 today; is that right?

10 MR. BOSSE: Your Honor, that's not with  
11 Mr. Broccoletti. That's one of my other cases, and I think  
12 there's a 2:30 hearing on that.

13 THE COURT: Okay.

14 MR. BROCCOLETTI: But Your Honor did ask me to  
15 confirm that January 25th date, as the jail bells and  
16 whistles were going off in the background on the other day's  
17 phone call.

18 THE COURT: Right.

19 MR. BROCCOLETTI: And I am available on that date,  
20 Your Honor.

21 THE COURT: What case are we trying that day?

22 MR. BROCCOLETTI: This case, Your Honor. Because I  
23 think the Court suggested that date.

24 THE COURT: Right. Okay. Thank you very much. I  
25 appreciate that.



1 All right. In that case, then, thank you very much.  
2 It was a good job by counsel. I really appreciate it. It's  
3 good to have good lawyers.

4 And we'll recess court until 2:00. Thank you all  
5 very much.

6 (Proceedings adjourned at 12:42 p.m.)  
7  
8

9 CERTIFICATION  
10

11 I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript  
12 from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.  
13  
14

15 \_\_\_\_\_/s/\_\_\_\_\_  
16

17 Carol L. Naughton  
18

19 August 19, 2021  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25